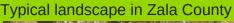
LAND MANAGMENT IN ZALA COUNTY

Zala County is situated in the southwestern corner of Hungary, between the Mura River and Lake Balaton. The total area of the county is 3.784 km². The most part of this area is suitable mainly for the forestry, good fertile soils for agricultural production is located in the Northeast regions of the county. Typical soil type is Cambisol and Luvisol with good fertility and favorable water management.





Zala County arable lands 11,5% woodlands 41,7% grasslands ■ fruits&grapes reeds& fishponds

General farming practices are: liquid manure; farmyard manure; grass strip between the rows and contour tillage; permanent crops; cover crop; green manure; soil cover with leguminous crop; minimum tillage.

Typical crop rotation: wheat, maize, oilseed rape, sunflower, barley



The Northeast part of Zala County where mainly arable lands dominate lies on the watershed of Lake Balaton - the largest freshwater lake in central Europe – which is a very important natural (ecological, water and landscape) resource and one of the major target area of water related recreational tourism in central Europe. Soil erosion contributes to eutrophic condition of the lake thus protection against soil erosion is

essential in this area.

Lake Balaton







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